PRESBYTERIAN PANEL REPORT

-Listening to Presbyterians -



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THE PRESBYTERIAN PANEL: AN OVERVIEW

The Presbyterian Panel (1994-1996) consists of several thousand Presbyterians in the United States and Puerto Rico who agreed to respond to a quarterly mail survey beginning February 1994. The Panel contains independent, representative samples of four groups affiliated with the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.): members, elders, pastors, and clergy in specialized ministries. (The exact number of cases in each sample may be found at the beginning of the appendix.)

Participants in each of these samples were selected according to scientific sampling procedures, a detailed description of which can be found in Appendix B of the *Background Report for the 1994-1996 Panel* (Louisville: Research Services, Division of Congregational Ministries, Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.), 1994). The member sample was drawn in two stages. First, 425 congregations were sampled, with the probability of selection proportional to membership size. Each of the 425 congregations was, in turn, requested to supply the names of eight members, based on applying a set of random numbers to its current list of active members. The elder sample was drawn from a denominationally-maintained list of all elders currently serving on sessions of Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.) congregations. To ensure geographical representation, elders were sampled proportionately according to their overall distribution across the church's 16 synods. The pastor sample is a random sample of all ordained ministers of the Word and Sacrament who, at the time of sampling, occupied a staff position in a congregation or other parish. The specialized clergy sample is a random sample of all ordained ministers in the denomination who, at the time of sampling, worked outside a parish (e.g., chaplains, counselors, teachers, church officials). Retired clergy were excluded from the Panel. Pastors and specialized clergy were both slightly oversampled to permit individuals who had served in the 1991-1993 cycle of the Panel to be excluded from the new samples.

The office of Research Services, lodged in the Congregational Ministries Division of the national offices of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.), maintains the Panel as a service to the General Assembly, its agencies, councils, committees, and other entities. The primary purpose of the Panel is to aid these national bodies within the church by gathering information on Presbyterian opinions and behavior for use in planning and evaluation. Secondly, the Panel exists to provide the church as a whole and the larger society with information of general interest on Presbyterians.

All Panel data are publicly available, with the exception that no data will be released that might compromise the confidentiality of respondents. Requests for Panel data in computer-readable format for research purposes will be considered on an individual basis. Responsibility for the maintenance and disposition of Panel files ultimately rests with the office of Research Services.

SAMPLING ERROR

Time and costs preclude inclusive surveys of all but the smallest populations. With larger populations, representative samples are drawn and the responses of smaller subsets are used to extrapolate to the total population—much as medicine draws a sample of blood to profile the entire blood supply within the human body. The values obtained from a scientifically-selected sample will not necessarily be the same ones that would have been obtained if the entire population had been surveyed, but we can know, within a certain degree of probability, the range above and below the sample value within which the actual population value is likely to fall. By convention, surveys usually report 95% "confidence intervals," that is, the range above and below a sample value that, in 19 out of 20 samples (in other words, 95% of the time), will contain the true population value. This range is also known as sampling error.

Sampling error is dependent largely on the number of cases in the sample and, with percentages, how large or how small the particular values are. In general, the larger the sample, the smaller the sampling error, and the closer a percentage is to 50% (as opposed to 0% or 100%), the larger the sampling error. Approximate sampling errors for Panel samples are:

REPORTED	MEMBERS	ELDERS	PASTORS	SPECIALIZED CLERGY
PERCENTAGE		95% Confide	NCE INTERVAL	
50% 30% or 70% 20% or 80% 10% or 90% 5% or 95%	±4% ±4% ±4% ±3% ±2%	$egin{array}{c} \pm 4\% \ \pm 4\% \ \pm 3\% \ \pm 2\% \end{array}$	±4% ±4% ±4% ±3% ±2%	±5% ±5% ±4% ±3% ±2%

HIGHLIGHTS

- Only about half of members (41%) and elders (52%) know "with certainty" the name of the theological school from which their pastor graduated. (p. 1)
- Given the lack of knowledge that members and elders have concerning the denomination's theological schools, it is not surprising that most (60% of members and 46% of elders) indicated that they "don't know" whether these theological schools "have responded to the needs of the church in the last ten years" or not. Pastors and specialized clergy were far more likely to express an opinion on this issue—almost three-quarters in each sample think that the denomination's seminaries have responded "to a great extent" or "to some extent" to the needs of the church in the last ten years. (p. 1)
- Pastors who describe their theological position as liberal were more likely than were those who describe their position as conservative to indicate that seminaries *have* responded to the needs of the church in the last ten years. (p. 1)
- "Affirming the ministry of women" is the phrase that the largest percentage of pastors see as descriptive of Presbyterian theological schools, while "faithful to the church of Jesus Christ" is the phrase that the largest percentage of members believe describes our schools. (p. 2)
- About one-fifth of panelists report that their congregation has "a program to help identify candidates for ministry." Larger percentages of respondents (28% of members, 41% of pastors) report that their presbytery has such a program. (p. 4)
- Just 17% of members and 32% of elders reported having received an appeal for funds from a theological school in the previous two years. In contrast, almost all clergy had received such an appeal (96% of pastors; 94% of specialized clergy). (p. 5)
- Only 8% of members and 18% of elders reported familiarity with the Theological Education Fund (the 1% Plan). In contrast, 92% of pastors are familiar with this offering. Surprisingly, only 72% of specialized clergy are familiar with the 1% Plan. (p. 6)
- Almost six in ten members and almost half of elders indicated they were also not aware that "money given directly to a Presbyterian theological school supports only that particular school." (p. 7)
- The largest percentages of members and elders believe that seminaries should emphasize "personal/spiritual development," while pastors and specialized clergy are more likely to stress "preaching." (p. 7)
- The largest percentages of members reported that their pastors were doing an "excellent" job in theses five areas: "preaching" (47%), "leading Bible study" (39%), "pastoral care" (32%), "leading people in spiritual development" (31%), and "general interpersonal skills" (30%). (p. 8)
- When panelists were asked to indicate the extent to which 14 sources of news and commentary have had an impact on their impressions of Presbyterian theological schools, the largest percentage of members and elders named their pastor as having had a "very significant" impact (23% of members and elders so responded). (p. 9)

THEOLOGICAL EDUCATION November 1996

The subject of the November 1996 Presbyterian Panel was Theological Education. The Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)'s Council on Theological Education (COTE) serves as the primary governance, program, and funding link between the denomination and its seminaries. Membership includes representatives from each of the seminaries, 12 at-large members elected by the General Assembly, and non-voting representatives from each of the schools in covenant with the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.). COTE was interested in obtaining information about Presbyterians' attitudes concerning Presbyterian theological institutions and toward other issues related to theological education.

The survey was mailed to panelists on November 20, 1996, and those who had not responded by early December were sent a reminder postcard. Total response rates by sample are: members, 60%; elders, 64%; pastors, 70%; specialized clergy, 71%. The percentage distributions of responses to all survey questions, for every sample, are presented as an appendix (pp. A-1 to A-17). The narrative that follows summarizes many of these results.¹

KNOWLEDGE OF THEOLOGICAL SCHOOLS

Theological School From Which The Pastor Graduated

Only about half of members (41%) and elders (52%) know "with certainty" the name of the theological school from which their pastor graduated (Q-1). About half of members (48%) and a third of elders (36%) reported that they know "almost nothing" about any of the 11 Presbyterian theological schools (Q-2; note that the names of these schools were listed in Q-1). When those who chose the option "I know almost nothing about any of them" are combined with those who said "I know a little about one or two of them," almost four-fifths of members and elders (78% and 73%, respectively) admit that they have scant knowledge about any of the denomination's theological schools.

Theological Schools' Responses to the Needs of the Church

Given the lack of knowledge that members and elders have concerning the denomination's theological schools, it is not surprising that most (60% of members and 46% of elders) indicated that they "don't know" whether these theological schools "have responded to the needs of the church in the last ten years" or not (Q-3). Pastors and specialized clergy were far more likely to express an opinion on this issue—almost three-quarters in each sample think that the denomination's seminaries have responded "to a great extent" or "to some extent" to the needs of the church in the last ten years.

Pastors' responses to this question differed by age. One-quarter of pastors 50 years of age and over (26%), compared to 18% of those under 50 years of age, believe seminaries have responded "to a great extent" to the church's needs. At the other end of the scale, 19% of pastors 50 years of age and over think the seminaries have responded "to a little extent" or "have not responded at all," compared to 26% of those under 50 who responded in this manner. (There was no difference in the responses of specialized clergy of different ages.)

¹ As part of an internal methodological assessment, the last third of the questionnaire (Q-19 and forward) consisted of items repeated from earlier surveys of the same panelists. The percentage distribution of responses to each of these questions may be found in the appendix, but these results are not discussed in the text of this report.

There is also a difference in pastors' responses to this item based on their self-identified theological position (Q-19). Pastors who describe their theological position as liberal were more likely than were those who describe their position as conservative to indicate that seminaries *have* responded to the needs of the church in the last ten years: 11% of conservatives, 23% of moderates, and 32% of liberals believe that seminaries have responded "to a great extent" to the needs of the church. A similar pattern of responses was found for specialized clergy.

Theological Schools' Performance in Educating Presbyterian Students

It is clear that panelists think Presbyterian theological schools do a better job of educating Presbyterian students than do non-Presbyterian theological schools (Q-4a and Q4b). At least one-third of members and elders and slightly more than 50% of pastors and specialized clergy "agree" or "strongly agree" that "Presbyterian theological schools do an excellent job of educating Presbyterian students. This compares to no more than 20% of panelists who "agree" or "strongly agree" that "non-Presbyterian schools do an excellent job educating Presbyterian students" (10% of members, 20% of pastors so responded).

The percentage of panelists who responded "not sure" regarding the effectiveness of theological school was much larger when they were asked about the performance of non-Presbyterian theological schools. For example, 32% of members were "not sure" regarding the effectiveness of Presbyterian schools, and 58% were "not sure" about the performance of non-Presbyterian schools. Even after eliminating the "not sure" responses, the results still show that more panelists think Presbyterian theological schools do an excellent job of educating Presbyterian students than do non-Presbyterian theological schools.

It appears that many panelists are not sure if "the quality of Presbyterians graduating from theological schools has fallen in the last ten years" (Q-4c) or if "Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days" (Q-4d). Over 60% of members, about half of elders, and from one-sixth to one-fifth of pastors and specialized clergy responded "not sure" regarding these two issues. In addition over 20% of members and elders and over 40% of pastors and specialized clergy responded either "tend to agree" or "tend not to agree." Few panelists took more extreme positions on these two questions.

Members and elders are somewhat hesitant to express an opinion on whether "Presbyterian theological schools turn out pastors who are able to help members practice their faith" (Q-4e). One-third of members (36%) and 24% of elders responded "not sure." Three in ten members (28%) and elders (29%) "strongly agree" or "agree" that graduates of these schools are able to help members with their personal spirituality. Members of the clergy were more likely to express an opinion on this issue, but many responded with the lukewarm "tend to agree" (41% of pastors and 40% of specialized clergy). One-third of pastors (31%) and specialized clergy (29%) indicated that they "strongly agree" or "agree" with this statement, percentages that were similar to those of members and elders.

Phrases that Describe Presbyterian Theological Schools

In Q-5, panelists were presented with a list of 21 words and phrases and asked to indicate the extent to which they believe each describes Presbyterian theological schools. These items are listed in Table 1 in rank order based on the percentage of members who think each describes Presbyterian theological schools either "very well" or "well." Results for pastors are also included. It should be noted that large percentages of members responded "not sure" to each. "Affirming the ministry of women" is the phrase that the largest percentage of pastors see as descriptive of Presbyterian theological schools, while "faithful to the church of Jesus Christ" is the phrase that the largest percentage of members believe describes our schools.

The phrase that the *fewest* panelists (no more than 5% in any sample) believe describes Presbyterian theological schools "very well" or "well" is "wealthy and not in need of additional funding." Nonetheless, about half of members (53%), 44% of elders, and about 10% of clergy responded "not sure" about this descriptor.

The responses of male and female pastors regarding the extent to which "affirming the ministry of women" describes Presbyterian theological schools differ. One-half of men (49%) believe that "affirming the ministry of women" describes Presbyterian theological schools "very well." However, only 25% of women believe that phrase describes Presbyterian theological schools "very well."

Table 1
Perceptions of Presbyterian Theological Schools (Q-5)
Members' and Pastors' Responses

	Percentage Responding "Well" or "Very Well"			
		ibers		tors
	%	Rank	%	Ranl
faithful to the church of Jesus Christ	50%	1	59%	7
Biblically sound	49%	2	63%	5
academic excellence		3	83%	2
affirming the ministry of women	42%	4	89%	1
socially responsible		5	54%	10
committed to ecumenism		6	77%	4
committed to promoting inclusiveness and diversity	34%	7	80%	3
spiritually rich	33%	8	26%	16
committed to the Reformed tradition	32%	9	63%	5
financially sound, yet in need of ongoing support	32%	9	57%	9
traditional	30%	11	38%	13
racially inclusive	30%	11	59%	7
focused on practical skills for pastors	28%	13	24%	17
setting directions for the church	25%	14	17%	18
liberal	24%	15	44%	11
innovative	19%	16	29%	15
evangelical	18%	17	9%	19
moderate/middle of the road	17%	18	32%	14
conservative	16%	19	8%	20
on the cutting edge of theology		20	40%	12
wealthy and not in need of additional funding	5%	21	5%	21

Members' stance on theological issues appears to influence their perceptions of theological schools. For instance, members who consider themselves to be liberal or very liberal on theological issues are much more likely to say that "biblically sound" describes our seminaries "very well" or "well" than are those who describe themselves as very conservative (see Table 2). A similar pattern was found for elders, pastors, and specialized clergy. (Note that the percentages for members and elders are influenced by the large percentages who responded "not sure.")

Table 2
Relationship Between Theological Stance (Q-19) and the Belief that "Biblically Sound" Describes Presbyterian Theological Schools (Q-5)

Percentage Who Believe "Biblically Sound"

Describes PCUSA Theological Schools "Very Well" or "Well"

by Self-Identified Theological Stance

	Very				Verv
Sample	•	Conservative	Moderate	Liberal	Libera
Members	26%	40%	63%	65%	54%
Elders	38%	50%	55%	67%	50%
Pastors	14%	24%	72%	87%	77%
Specialized Clergy	20%	38%	66%	83%	72%

SEMINARIES AND CONGREGATIONS

About one-fifth of panelists report that their congregation has "a program to help identify candidates for ministry" (Q-6a). Larger percentages of respondents (28% of members, 41% of pastors) report that their presbytery has such a program (Q-6b). Large percentages of members and elders responded "not sure" for each of these questions, ranging from 22% of elders who are unsure if their congregation has a program for identifying potential candidates for ministry to 69% of members who are unsure if their presbytery has such a program. One-fourth of pastors and specialized clergy are also "not sure" if their presbytery has such a program.

Panelists were also asked how many persons from their congregation "attended seminary as candidates or inquirers for the ministry" in the last ten years (Q-7). Many members (30%) responded "don't know." The largest percentage of both pastors (41%) and elders (37%) indicated that there had been no one from their congregation who attended seminary during that period. About one-quarter indicated that one person had attended seminary, and one in ten have had four or more persons attend seminary in the past ten years.

When asked whether a representative from a Presbyterian theological school had preached in their congregation in the last five years (Q-8), almost half of members (47%) and elders (43%), and one-third of pastors (34%), responded "yes."

Panelists in Southern congregations are more likely than those in other regions to report having had a representative of a Presbyterian theological school preach at their congregation (see Table 3).

Table 3
Panelists Who Have Had a PCUSA Theological School Representative
Preach in Their Congregation in the Last Five Years (Q-8)
By Region

	Percentage Responding "Yes" by Region					
Sample	South	West	Northeast	Midwest		
Members	55%	38%	55%	37%		
Elders	58%	34%	41%	36%		
Pastors	46%	34%	30%	25%		
Specialized Cle	rgy 43%	43%	27%	32%		

Far fewer panelists indicated that a representative of a *non-Presbyterian* theological school had preached at their congregation in the last five years (Q-9)—ranging from 10% of pastors to 26% of elders. Almost one-half of members and one-quarter of elders indicated that they did not know if such a person had preached in their congregation.

There are also regional differences in responses regarding having had a representative from a *non-Presbyterian* theological school preach at the congregation (Q-9). These differences are not as great as that for the likelihood of having had a preacher from a Presbyterian theological school. (See Table 4.)

Table 4
Panelists Who Have Had a Representative of a Non-PCUSA Theological School
Preach in Their Congregation in the Last Five Years (Q-9)
By Region

	Perce	entage Respon	ding "Yes" by Re	egion
Sample	South	West	Northeast	Midwest
Members	20%	18%	26%	20%
Elders	21%	25%	26%	31%
Pastors		21%	12%	6%
Specialized Clergy	10%	26%	14%	14%

GIVING TO THEOLOGICAL SCHOOLS

Appeals for Contributions

Just 17% of members and 32% of elders reported having received an appeal for funds from a theological school in the previous two years (Q-10). In contrast, almost all clergy had received such an appeal (96% of pastors; 94% of specialized clergy).

Members and elders in the South and elders in the West are more likely than those in other regions to have received appeals for funds from theological institutions in the previous two years (see Table 5). No similar regional differences were found for pastors or specialized clergy.

Table 5
Panelists Who Have Received an Appeal for Funds from a Theological School (Q-10)
By Region

	Perce	entage Respon	ding "Yes" by Ro	egion
Sample	South	West	Northeast	Midwest
Members	22%	16%	13%	15%
Elders	42%	37%	25%	24%

Contributions to Theological Schools

Only 7% of members and 13% of elders, but two-thirds of clergy have "personally made one or more financial contributions to a theological school" in the last two years (Q-11). Compared to elders living in other regions, those in the South are more likely to have contributed to a theological school: 19% of elders in the South compared to about 11% of elders in other region made such a contribution in the last two years. This should not be surprising since elders in the South were also the group of elders most likely to have received an appeal for a contribution. There were no regional differences in giving rates among members and clergy.

There is an old saying that if you do not ask for money, you will not receive any. This saying is supported by results of this survey. Among members, 30% of those who received an appeal from a theological school made a contribution, whereas of those who did not receive an appeal, only 2% gave money. Similarly, among elders, 36% of those who received an appeal, compared to 3% of those who were not solicited, made a contribution to a theological school.

Panel staff intended "personal appeal" to refer to a phone call or visit. It is fairly impressive that about a third of members and elders who received a personal appeal from a theological school actually made a contribution. Conversations with others indicate that some people see a personalized form letter as a "personal appeal," and if panelists were including such solicitations in their response regarding "personal appeals," the results are even more impressive.

One other possible explanation for this high response is that persons returning this questionnaire might be more committed to Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.) than those not returning the questionnaire. More committed individuals might, in turn, be more likely to support the denomination's seminaries with financial contributions. (Also, persons who made a contribution in response to an appeal may more readily recall the appeal, compared to those who ignored the solicitation.)

The 1% Plan

Only 8% of members and 18% of elders reported familiarity with the Theological Education Fund (the 1% Plan; Q-12). In contrast, 92% of pastors are familiar with this fund-raising program. Surprisingly, only 72% of specialized clergy are familiar with the 1% Plan.

Among respondents who are to any extent familiar with the 1% Plan, about one-half of members and elders and one-third of clergy reported that their congregations give to the fund (Q-13). Nonetheless, one-quarter to one-third of lay respondents indicated that they did not know whether or not their congregations participate in this plan.

When asked about their knowledge of this fund, more than three-quarters of members and elders, but only 16% of pastors and 26% of specialized clergy, indicated that, before receiving the survey, they did *not* know that "the only denomination-wide source of funding for the theological schools of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.) is the Theological Education Fund" (Q-14a). Likewise, almost six in ten members and almost half of elders indicated they were also not aware that "money given directly to a Presbyterian theological school supports only that particular school" (Q-14b). Only 6% of clergy were not aware of this.

WHAT SHOULD SEMINARIES EMPHASIZE?

Panelists were presented with a list of 13 potential areas of emphasis for theological schools and asked to indicate to what extent Presbyterian theological schools *should* emphasize each "in their programs of research, study and training of candidates for ministry" (Q-15). As can be seen in Table 6, the largest percentages of members and elders believe that seminaries should emphasize "personal/spiritual development," while pastors and specialized clergy are more likely to stress "preaching." Nonetheless, in each sample, "personal/spiritual development," "preaching," and "pastoral care" are the three that appear to be most important.

Table 6
To What Extent Should Presbyterian Theological Schools Emphasize These Factors? (Q-15)

	Percentage Responding "Great Extent"					
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy		
personal/spiritual development	84%	87%	81%	80%		
preaching		82%	86%	84%		
pastoral care		79%	75%	76%		
leadership skills		71%	64%	60%		
theological issues		64%	73%	75%		
evangelism		58%	58%	48%		
interpersonal skills, in general		43%	44%	50%		
stewardship		45%	39%	33%		
practical skills, in general		36%	48%	48%		
administrative skills		36%	31%	34%		
staying true to the Reformed tradition		44%	57%	53%		
social issues		33%	27%	40%		
specialized ministries		18%	6%	17%		

Panelists were then asked to select the one item from the list in Q-15 that they believe "should get the *most* emphasis in the program of education and research at Presbyterian theological schools" (Q-16). Results (shown in Table 7) are almost identical to the ranking in Table 6. It is interesting that, compared to members and elders, larger percentages of pastors and specialized clergy chose "theological issues" as the one most important factor.

Table 7
Which One Factor Should Get the Most Emphasis at Presbyterian Theological Schools? (Q-16)

<u>Mer</u> Rank	nbers %	<u>Eld</u> Rank	ders %	<u>Past</u> Rank		Specia <u>Cle</u> Rank	rgy
personal/spiritual development 1	27%	1	32%	1	25%	1	25%
preaching 2	17%	2	14%	- 3	12%	4	10%
pastoral care 3	13%	3	11%	5	8%	3	11%
theological issues 4	11%	4	9%	2	20%	2	20%
leadership skills 5	9%	6	7%	6	7%	7	5%
staying true to the Reformed tradition . 6	6%	7	7%	4	9%	5	6%
evangelism 7	6%	5	8%	7	6%	6	6%
interpersonal skills, in general 8	5%	8	5%	8	3%	8	4%
social issues 9	4%	9	2%	11	*	10	29
practical skills, in general 10	1%	10	2%	9	3%	9	3%
administrative skills	*	11	1%	10	1%	11	19
stewardship	*	13	*	12	*	12	19
specialized ministries		12	1%	13	*	13	_

^{* =} less than 0.5%; rounds to zero

RATING THE PERFORMANCE OF PASTORS AND THEOLOGICAL SCHOOLS

Panelists were presented with a list of 11 areas that are typically part of a pastor's job (Q-17). Members and elders were asked to rate their pastors in each of these areas. The largest percentages of members reported that their pastors were doing an "excellent" job in theses five areas: "preaching" (47%), "leading Bible study" (39%), "pastoral care" (32%), "leading people in spiritual development" (31%), and "general interpersonal skills" (30%). Elders' responses were similar.

Pastors and specialized clergy were asked to rate the same 11 areas in terms of how well their seminary did in preparing them for ministry in these areas. The five areas in which members rated their pastors most favorably were also the areas in which pastors reported their seminaries did the best job in preparing them. However, in general, pastors' ratings were less favorable than were those of members. These differences for the five highest rated fields are shown in Table 8.

Another way to look at these results is to examine the areas in which panelists gave the most negative responses. Table 9 shows the percentage of panelists responding "fair" or "not good at all" regarding each area. As can be seen, "teaching others to do evangelism," "financial management," and "promoting stewardship" are not seen as strengths.

^{-- =} zero; no cases in this category

Table 8
Members' and Elders' Evaluations of their Pastors and
Clergy Evaluations of the Preparation They Received from Their Seminary (Q-17):
Five Areas Evaluated Most Positively

	Percentage Rating Their Pastor as "Excellent"		· Pastor as Prepara	
I	Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
preaching	. 47%	43%	30%	30%
leading Bible studies	39%	33%	22%	22%
pastoral care	32%	32%	17%	18%
leading people in spiritual development	31%	26%	5%	6%
general interpersonal skills	30%	28%	4%	8%

Table 9
Members' and Elders' Evaluations of their Pastors and
Clergy Evaluations of the Preparation They Received from Their Seminary (Q-17):
Three Areas Evaluated Most Negatively

	Their Pa "Fair	Percentage Rating Their Pastor as "Fair" or "Not Good at All"		Their Pastor as Preparation "Fair" or as "Fair" of "Not Good at All" "Not Good at		minary's ration ir" or od at All"
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy		
teaching others to do evangelism	26%	36%	78%	72%		
financial management	16%	20%	80%	75%		
	12%	16%	74%	62%		

SOURCES OF INFORMATION ABOUT THEOLOGICAL SCHOOLS

When panelists were asked to indicate the extent to which 14 sources of news and commentary have had an impact on their impressions of Presbyterian theological schools (Q-18), the largest percentage of members and elders named their pastor as having had a "very significant" impact (23% of members and elders so responded). This is also the source that the largest percentage of clergy identified as having a "very significant" impact (34% of pastors and 27% of specialized clergy). One possible interpretation of this finding is that pastors and specialized clergy obtain such information from fellow pastors. Seminary publications were also an important source of information about theological schools for clergy, but not for members and elders. This difference is not surprising since it is likely that few members and elders receive seminary publications. Table 10 shows the

percentages in each sample who indicated each source of information has had either a "very significant" or a "significant" impact on their impressions of Presbyterian theological schools.

Table 10
Sources of Impressions About Presbyterian Theological Schools (Q-18)

Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialize Clergy
pastor	64%	77%	63%
friend or relative	36%	50%	45%
congregational newsletter 30%	29%	10%	10%
Presbyterians Today	29%	34%	. 28%
Presbyterian Outlook	24%	50%	46%
<i>The Layman</i>	23%	10%	13%
presbytery publication	25%	24%	27%
seminary publication	16%	63%	65%
synod publication 12%	16%	14%	17%
secular newspaper 10%	9%	3%	3%
radio 9%	8%	1%	2%
television	8%	1%	3%
Monday Morning 8%	11%	35%	36%
secular magazine 8%	8%	3%	3%

SUMMARY

It appears that members and elders do not know very much about Presbyterian theological schools. What they do know about them has come primarily from their pastors. Those who have some knowledge about these schools have a generally positive impression of them.

Members and elders also have little knowledge regarding how theological schools are funded. Most do not know about the 1% Plan, or that that fund is the only denomination-wide source of funding for the theological schools of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.).

There seems to be no major conflict between what pastors think they need and what they believe the seminaries provide.

8.11.1196 + 14

NOVEMBER 1996 PRESBYTERIAN PANEL

THEOLOGICAL EDUCATION

APPENDIX

				Specialized
Mo	embers	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
Questionnaires sent:	.019	1036	1113	585
Questionnaires returned:	616	668	780	416
Percent returned:	60%	64%	70%	71%

Q-1. Do you know the name of the theological school from which your pastor graduated (received her/his M.Div. or B.D. degree)? (Answer with regard to the senior pastor if your congregation has more than one pastor.) Pastors and specialized clergy, please skip to Q-2.

]	Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
yes, with certainty	41%	52%	-	-
yes, with some uncertainty	14%	14%	-	-
no → Skip to Q-2	45%	34%	_	-

Q-1a. If yes, please indicate below the seminary from which you believe your (senior) pastor graduated.

			Specialized
Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
(n=334)	(n=417)		
Austin Presbyterian Theological Seminary (Austin, TX) 6%	4%	-	-
Columbia Theological Seminary (Decatur, GA) 8%	10%	-	-
University of Dubuque Theological Seminary			
(Dubuque, IA)	4%	-	-
Johnson C. Smith Theological Seminary (Atlanta, GA) *	2%	-	•
Louisville Presbyterian Theological Seminary			
(Louisville, KY)	4%	-	-
McCormick Theological Seminary (Chicago, IL) 8%	8%	-	- .
Pittsburgh Theological Seminary (Pittsburgh, PA) 12%	12%	-	-
Presbyterian School of Christian Education			
(Richmond, VA)	2%	-	-
Princeton Theological Seminary (Princeton, NJ) 27%	24%	-	-
San Francisco Theological Seminary (San Francisco, CA) 6%	6%	-	-
Union Theological Seminary in Virginia (Richmond, VA) 10%	8%	-	-
other (please specify)	14%	-	-
more than one selected	2%	-	-

Q-2. Please circle the number corresponding to the *one* statement below that *best* describes your knowledge of the 11 Presbyterian theological schools (those listed by name in Q-1a).

				Specialized
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
I know almost nothing about any of them	48%	36%	1%	1%
I know a little about one or two of them	30%	37%	7%	5%
I know a moderate amount about one or two of them	10%	14%	10%	12%
I know one or two quite well	4%	5%	23%	22%
I know a moderate amount about more than two of them	4%	6%	33%	29%
I know more than two of them quite well	3%	2%	27%	31%

^{* =} less than 0.5%; rounds to zero

⁻ = zero (0.0); no cases in this category

^{+ =} nonresponses of 10% or more for this sample on this question (reported percentages for all questions omit nonresponses)

n = number of respondents eligible to answer this question

^{♦ =} percentages add to more than 100 because respondents could make more than one response

Q-3. To what extent do *you personally* think the theological schools of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.) have responded to the needs of the church in the last ten years?

	Members	s Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
have responded to a great extent	8%	8%	22%	21%
have responded to some extent	23%	31%	51%	50%
have responded to a little extent	7%	12%	20%	17%
have not responded at all	1%	3%	3%	3%
don't know	60%	46%	4%	8%

Q-4. Please indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with each of the following statements.

a. In general, Presbyterian theological schools do an excellent job of educating Presbyterian students strongly agree		Members	s Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
strongly agree 9% 7% 14% 15% agree 26% 32% 41% 38% tend to agree 28% 33% 28% 31% tend to disagree 39% 44% 99% 8% disagree 29% 11% 44% 33% strongly disagree 11% 11% 22% 33% not sure 32% 23% 1% 2% b. In general, non-Presbyterian theological schools do an excellent job of educating Presbyterian students strongly agree 29% 11% 33% 2% agree 88% 133% 17% 16% tend to agree 22% 27% 33% 33% tend to disagree 88% 7% 233% 24% disagree 22% 27% 33% 33% tend to disagree 19% 7% 7% strongly disagree 19% 7% 75% not sure 58% 51% 13% 12% c. The quality of Presbyterians graduating from theological schools has fallen in the last ten years strongly agree 1% 3% 3% 4% agree 5% 6% 11% 9% tend to disagree 12% 18% 23% 24% disagree 5% 6% 11% 9% tend to disagree 12% 18% 23% 24% disagree 29% 33% 7% 7% not sure 63% 48% 16% 19% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days strongly agree 1% 1% 5% 4% agree 2% 2% 10% 11% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days strongly agree 1% 1% 5% 4% agree 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 2% 2% 20% 10% tend to agree 2% 2% 20% 10% tend to agree 2% 2% 20% 10% tend to agree 2% 2% 10% tend to agree 2%	a.				
agree		job of educating Presbyterian students			
tend to agree		strongly agree9%			
tend to disagree 3% 4% 9% 8% disagree 2% 11% 4% 3% strongly disagree 11% 196 296 3% not sure 32% 23% 1% 2% 28% 1% 2% 28% 1% 2% 28% 1% 2% 28% 1% 2% 28% 23% 1% 2% 28% 23% 1% 2% 28% 23% 1% 2% 28% 23% 1% 2% 28% 23% 1% 2% 28% 23% 23% 1% 2% 28% 23% 23% 23% 23% 23% 23% 23% 23% 23% 23		agree			
disagree	*	tend to agree	33%	28%	
Strongly disagree 1% 1% 2% 3% not sure 32% 23% 1% 2%		tend to disagree		9%	
not sure		disagree			
b. In general, non-Presbyterian theological schools do an excellent job of educating Presbyterian students strongly agree	•	strongly disagree1%		2%	3%
excellent job of educating Presbyterian students strongly agree		not sure	23%	1%	2%
strongly agree 2% 1% 3% 2% agree 8% 13% 17% 16% tend to agree 22% 27% 33% 33% tend to disagree 8% 7% 23% 24% disagree 2% 1% 7% 7% strongly disagree 1% * 4% 5% not sure 58% 51% 13% 12% c. The quality of Presbyterians graduating from theological schools has fallen in the last ten years strongly agree 1% 3% 3% 4% agree 5% 6% 11% 9% tend to agree 5% 6% 11% 9% tend to disagree 12% 18% 23% 24% disagree 8% 10% 21% 17% strongly disagree 2% 3% 7% 7% not sure 63% 48% 16% 19% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days 1% 1% 5% 4% agree	b.	In general, non-Presbyterian theological schools do an			
agree		excellent job of educating Presbyterian students			
tend to agree 22% 27% 33% 33% tend to disagree 8% 7% 23% 24% disagree 2% 1% 7% 7% 5% not sure 58% 51% 13% 12% c. The quality of Presbyterians graduating from theological schools has fallen in the last ten years strongly agree 1% 3% 3% 4% agree 5% 6% 11% 9% tend to agree 9% 13% 19% 19% tend to disagree 12% 18% 23% 24% disagree 8% 10% 21% 17% strongly disagree 2% 3% 7% 7% not sure 63% 48% 16% 19% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days strongly agree 1% 1% 1% 5% 4% agree 2% 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 2% 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 4% 6% 20% 17%		strongly agree	1%	3%	2%
tend to agree		agree	13%	17%	16%
disagree			27%	33%	33%
strongly disagree		tend to disagree	7%	23%	24%
strongly disagree 1% * 4% 5% not sure 58% 51% 13% 12% c. The quality of Presbyterians graduating from theological schools has fallen in the last ten years strongly agree 1% 3% 3% 4% strongly agree 1% 3% 3% 4% agree 5% 6% 11% 9% tend to agree 9% 13% 19% 19% tend to disagree 12% 18% 23% 24% disagree 8% 10% 21% 17% strongly disagree 8% 10% 21% 17% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days 63% 48% 16% 19% d. agree 2% 2% 2% 10% 11% agree 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 2% 2% 10% 11% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days 1% 5% 4% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning ou		disagree	1%	7%	.7%
not sure 58% 51% 13% 12% c. The quality of Presbyterians graduating from theological schools has fallen in the last ten years strongly agree 1% 3% 3% 4% agree 5% 6% 11% 9% tend to agree 9% 13% 19% 19% tend to disagree 12% 18% 23% 24% disagree 8% 10% 21% 17% strongly disagree 2% 3% 7% 7% not sure 63% 48% 16% 19% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days strongly agree 1% 1% 5% 4% agree 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 2% 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 4% 6% 20% 17%			*	4%	5%
schools has fallen in the last ten years strongly agree 1% 3% 3% 4% agree 5% 6% 11% 9% tend to agree 9% 13% 19% 19% tend to disagree 12% 18% 23% 24% disagree 8% 10% 21% 17% strongly disagree 2% 3% 7% 7% not sure 63% 48% 16% 19% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days 1% 1% 5% 4% agree 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 4% 6% 20% 17%			51%	13%	12%
strongly agree 1% 3% 3% 4% agree 5% 6% 11% 9% tend to agree 9% 13% 19% 19% tend to disagree 12% 18% 23% 24% disagree 8% 10% 21% 17% strongly disagree 2% 3% 7% 7% not sure 63% 48% 16% 19% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days 5% 4% strongly agree 1% 1% 5% 4% agree 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 4% 6% 20% 17%	c.	The quality of Presbyterians graduating from theological			•
agree		schools has fallen in the last ten years		-	•
agree 5% 6% 11% 9% tend to agree 9% 13% 19% 19% tend to disagree 12% 18% 23% 24% disagree 8% 10% 21% 17% strongly disagree 2% 3% 7% 7% not sure 63% 48% 16% 19% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days 1% 1% 5% 4% agree 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 4% 6% 20% 17%		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3%	3%	4%
tend to agree		~ • •	6%	11%	9%
tend to disagree			13%	19%	19%
disagree .8% 10% 21% 17% strongly disagree .2% 3% 7% 7% not sure .63% 48% 16% 19% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18%	23%	24%
strongly disagree 2% 3% 7% 7% not sure 63% 48% 16% 19% d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days strongly agree 1% 1% 5% 4% agree 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 4% 6% 20% 17%		<u> </u>	10%	21%	17%
not sure			3%	7%	7%
d. Presbyterian theological schools are turning out too many graduates these days strongly agree			48%	16%	19%
too many graduates these days strongly agree	d.				
strongly agree 1% 1% 5% 4% agree 2% 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 4% 6% 20% 17%		•			
agree 2% 10% 11% tend to agree 4% 6% 20% 17%			1%	5%	4%
tend to agree			2%	10%	11%
			- 6%	20%	17%
		tend to disagree	19%	24%	23%
disagree		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20%	18%	19%
strongly disagree			6%	4%	6%
not sure			47%	20%	18%

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	Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
e.	Presbyterians theological schools turn out pastors who are			
	able to help members practice their religion (in terms			
	of living out their faith or engaging the world ethically			
	strongly agree	4%	3%	5%
	agree	25%	28%	24%
	tend to agree	37%	41%	40%
	tend to disagree	6%	16%	13%
	disagree 2%	3%	5%	7%
	strongly disagree	1%	3%	4%
	not sure 36%	24%	5%	7%

Q-5. Please indicate the extent to which you believe each of the following words or phrases (presented in alphabetical order) describes Presbyterian theological schools.

		****	.	Specialized
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
a.	academic excellence			
	very well12%	14%	32%	31%
	well 36%	41%	51%	46%
	somewhat well	12%	14%	19%
	very little	1%	1%	2%
	not at all	*	*	-
	not sure 40%	31%	1%	2%
b.	affirming the ministry of women			
	very well	13%	46%	32%
	well 34%	36%	43%	45%
	somewhat well	19%	9%	17%
	very little	2%	1%	3%
	not at all *	_	-	-
	not sure	30%	1%	3%
c.	Biblically sound			
	very well	14%	22%	21%
	well	39%	41%	45%
	somewhat well	13%	23%	22%
	very little 4%	5%	10%	9%
	not at all	1%	2%	1%
	not sure 34%	28%	2%	2%
d.	committed to ecumenism			
	very well	8%	31%	24%
	well	34%	46%	41%
	somewhat well	18%	16%	22%
	very little	4%	3%	8%
	not at all*	*	*	1%
	not sure	.37%	4%	4%

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Q-5. (cont.) Please indicate the extent to which you believe each of the following words or phrases (presented in alphabetical order) describes Presbyterian theological schools.

Spe				Specialized
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
e.	committed to promoting inclusiveness and diversity			
	very well	9%	40%	29%
	well	31%	40%	39%
	somewhat well	19%	14%	22%
	very little 4%	4%	3%	6%
	not at all	1%	*	1%
	not sure	36%	2%	4%
f.	committed to the Reformed tradition			
	very well	10%	27%	23%
	well	29%	36%	39%
	somewhat well	18%	25%	25%
	very little 4%	6%	8%	10%
	not at all	1%	2%	1%
	not sure	36%	2%	2%
g.	conservative			
Θ.	very well	4%	1%	2%
	well	15%	7%	11%
	somewhat well	21%	29%	35%
	very little	17%	40%	36%
	not at all	6%	13%	9%
	not sure	37%	9%	7%
h.	evangelical	2,,,		
11.	very well	2%	1%	1%
	well	18%	8%	12%
	somewhat well	26%	31%	36%
	very little	18%	41%	36%
	not at all	2%	11%	9%
	not sure	34%	9%	6%
i.	faithful to the church of Jesus Christ	3170	,,,	0,0
1.	very well	21%	23%	20%
	well	36%	36%	41%
	somewhat well	13%	28%	26%
	very little	5%	10%	9%
	not at all	1%	2%	1%
	not sure	24%	2%	3%
:	financially sound, yet in need of ongoing support	2470	270	370
j.	very well	6%	14%	13%
	well	29%	43%	44%
	somewhat well	19%	30%	28%
		3%	4%	4%
	very little	3% 1%	4% 1%	470 *
	not at all		1% 9%	11%
	not sure 49%	41%	970	1170

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nonresponses of 10% or more for this sample on this question (reported percentages for all questions omit nonresponses)

n = number of respondents eligible to answer this question

^{♦ =} percentages add to more than 100 because respondents could make more than one response

Q-5. (cont.) Please indicate the extent to which you believe each of the following words or phrases (presented in alphabetical order) describes Presbyterian theological schools.

•	, ,	**		Specialized	
	Memb	ers	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
k.	focused on practical skills for pastors				
	very well		4%	3%	5%
	well 24%	ó	20%	21%	22%
	somewhat well	ó	27%	44%	42%
	very little 6%	ó	8%	26%	22%
*	not at all 1%	ó	2%	4%	5%
	not sure	6	38%	3%	5%
l.	innovative				
	very well	6	3%	5%	5%
	well	6	16%	24%	26%
	somewhat well	6	26%	40%	39%
	very little	6	9%	22%	20%
	not at all	6	1%	4%	4%
	not sure 51%	6	45%	6%	7%
m,	liberal				
	very well	6	9%	14%	12%
	well	6	18%	30%	26%
	somewhat well	6	20%	33%	40%
	very little	6	10%	13%	14%
	not at all	6	1%	1%	2%
	not sure	6	43%	8%	6%
n.	moderate/middle of the road				
	very well	6	2%	5%	4%
	well	6	17%	27%	32%
•	somewhat well	6	27%	41%	46%
	very little	6	10%	17%	11%
	not at all	6	2%	3%	3%
	not sure	6	42%	7%	4%
0.	on the cutting edge of theology				
	very well	6	3%	9%	6%
	well 119	6	12%	31%	24%
	somewhat well	6	21%	28%	33%
	very little	6	10%	16%	20%
	not at all	%	3%	6%	6%
	not sure 619	%	51%	10%	11%
p.	racially inclusive				
_	very well 79	%	10%	24%	17%
	well 239	%	26%	35%	37%
	somewhat well	%	21%	25%	22%
	very little 79	%	6%	10%	17%
	not at all	%	1%	2%	2%
	not sure 459	%	35%	4%	5%

^{* =} less than 0.5%; rounds to zero

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n = number of respondents eligible to answer this question

^{♦ =} percentages add to more than 100 because respondents could make more than one response

Q-5. (cont.) Please indicate the extent to which you believe each of the following words or phrases (presented in alphabetical order) describes Presbyterian theological schools.

	Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
q.	setting directions for the church			9,
	very well	4%	3%	3%
	well 20%	20%	14%	16%
	somewhat well	24%	34%	27%
	very little 9%	13%	34%	38%
	not at all	2%	9%	8%
	not sure	37%	6%	8%
r.	socially responsible			
	very well 5%	6%	11%	8%
	well 32%	32%	43%	34%
	somewhat well	26%	31%	39%
	very little 4%	5%	9%	13%
	not at all	1%	2%	2%
	not sure	31%	4%	5%
S.	spiritually rich			
	very well	7%	5%	6%
	well	28%	21%	19%
	somewhat well	20%	36%	38%
	very little 5%	10%	25%	24%
	not at all	3%	8%	7%
	not sure	32%	5%	6%
t.	traditional			
	very well 6%	6%	8%	7%
	well 24%	25%	30%	28%
	somewhat well	23%	36%	42%
	very little 8%	9%	16%	12%
	not at all	3%	4%	6%
	not sure	34%	6%	6%
u.	wealthy and not in need of additional funding			
	very well 1%	1%	1%	1%
	well 4%	3%	4%	3%
	somewhat well 7%	9%	14%	12%
	very little	17%	34%	28%
	not at all	26%	36%	42%
	not sure	44%	11%	13%

Q-6. Does your congregation have a program to help identify candidates for the ministry? Does your presbytery have such a program?

			Spe	Specialized	
	Members	s Elders	Pastors	Clergy	
a.	does your congregation?				
	yes, it does	20%	22%	24%	
	no, it does not	58%	74%	58%	
	don't know 48%	22%	4%	19%	
b.	does your presbytery?				
	yes, it does	40%	41%	52%	
	no, it does not	4%	34%	20%	
	don't know	55%	25%	28%	

^{* =} less than 0.5%; rounds to zero

⁻ = zero (0.0); no cases in this category

^{+ =} nonresponses of 10% or more for this sample on this question (reported percentages for all questions omit nonresponses)

n = number of respondents eligible to answer this question

^{♦ =} percentages add to more than 100 because respondents could make more than one response

Q-7. In the last ten years, how many individuals from your congregation have attended seminary as candidates or inquirers for the ministry?

`				Specialized
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
none	18%	37%	41%	34%
one	16%	21%	26%	17%
two or three	24%	21%	18%	22%
four or more	13%	10%	11%	12%
don't know	30%	11%	4%	16%

Q-8. In the last five years, has a representative from a Presbyterian theological school preached in your congregation?

				Specialized
	Members			
yes	47%	43%	34%	38%
no	25%	41%	57%	45%
don't know	28%	16%	8%	18%

Q-9. In the last five years, has a representative from a *non*-Presbyterian theological school preached in your congregation?

				Specialized
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
yes	21%	26%	10%	15%
no	34%	51%	80%	66%
don't know	45%	23%	10%	20%

Q-10. In the last two years, have you *personally* received appeals for funds from any theological school?

				Specialized
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
yes	17%	32%	96%	94%
no	83%	68%	4%	6%

Q-11. In the last two years, have you personally made one or more financial contributions to a theological school?

			Specialized
Member	rs Elders	Pastors	Clergy
yes 7%	13%	66%	68%
no			

Q-12. How familiar are you with the Theological Educational Fund ("the 1% Plan") of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)?

				Specianzeu
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
very familiar	1%	5%	52%	36%
familiar	7%	13%	40%	36%
not very familiar	15%	20%	6%	18%
not at all familiar → Skip to Q-14	78%	61%	2%	10%

^{* =} less than 0.5%; rounds to zero

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n = number of respondents eligible to answer this question

^{▶ =} percentages add to more than 100 because respondents could make more than one response

			S	Specialized
	Members			
			(n=755)	
yes	49%	47%	37%	32%
no				
don't know	38%	27%	5%	20%

Q-14. Prior to receiving this questionnaire, were you aware that:

			S	pecialized
a.	Members the only denomination-wide source of funding for	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
	the theological schools of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.) is the Theological Education Fund?			
	yes	11%	82%	67%
	no 85%	78%	16%	26%
b.	not sure	11%	3%	7%
	yes	37%	92%	88%
	no 57%	46%	6%	6%
	not sure	17%	3%	5%

Q-15. In your view, to what extent, if any, should Presbyterian theological schools emphasize each of these factors in their programs of research, study and training of candidates for ministry?

				Specialized
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
a.	personal/spiritual development			0.
	great extent 84%	87%	81%	80%
	some extent	12%	18%	19%
	only a little extent	1%	1%	1%
	not at all *	*	-	-
b.	staying true to the Reformed tradition			
	great extent 36%	44%	57%	53%
	some extent	47%	41%	43%
	only a little extent	9%	2%	4%
	not at all	1%	*	*
c.	social issues			
	great extent 33%	33%	27%	40%
	some extent 58%	55%	62%	50%
	only a little extent 8%	11%	11%	9%
	not at all 1%	1%	-	_
d.	theological issues			
	great extent 67%	64%	73%	75%
	some extent	34%	26%	24%
	only a little extent	. 2%	1%	1%
	not at all *	*	*	*

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Q-15. (cont.) In your view, to what extent, if any, should Presbyterian theological schools emphasize each of these factors in their programs of research, study and training of candidates for ministry?

	Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
e.	administrative skills			
	great extent	36%	31%	34%
	some extent	57%	61%	57%
	only a little extent	6%	7%	9%
•	not at all	1%	- ·	*
f.	leadership skills			
	great extent 71%	71%	64%	60%
	some extent	28%	34%	36%
	only a little extent	1%	2%	3%
	not at all *	*	•	-
g.	evangelism		•	
	great extent 50%	58%	58%	48%
	some extent	37%	38%	44%
	only a little extent	4%	3%	6%
	not at all 1%	*	*	2%
h.	stewardship			
	great extent 39%	45%	39%	33%
	some extent 54%	50%	54%	58%
	only a little extent	5%	8%	8%
	not at all *	*	-	1%
i.	pastoral care			
	great extent	79%	75%	76%
	some extent	20%	24%	24%
	only a little extent	1%	1%	1%
	not at all *	*	-	-
j.	preaching			
·	great extent	82%	86%	84%
	some extent	17%	14%	15%
	only a little extent	1%	*	1%
	not at all	*	-	-
k.	specialized ministries			
	great extent	18%	6%	17%
	some extent	65%	52%	56%
	only a little extent	17%	40%	26%
	not at all	1%	2%	1%
1.	interpersonal skills, in general		_,,	1,0
	great extent	43%	44%	50%
	some extent	47%	47%	43%
	only a little extent 6%	9%	9%	7%
	not at all	1%	1%	*
m.	practical skills, in general	1/0	170	
111.	great extent	36%	48%	48%
	some extent	56%	45%	45%
	only a little extent	7%	6%	7%
	not at all*	1%	U/0 *	1%
n.	other	4%	18%	17%
11.	ошог 470	470	1070	1/70

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Q-16. Of the eight items in Q-15, which *one* factor should get the *most* emphasis in the program of education and research at Presbyterian theological schools? Write the letter corresponding to that factor on the line below.

				Specialized
Mem	bers	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
. (+	-)	(+)		(+)
personal/spiritual development		32%	25%	25%
staying true to the Reformed tradition	%	7%	9%	6%
social issues	%	2%	*	2%
theological issues	%	9%	20%	20%
administrative skills	*	1%	1%	1%
leadership skills 99	%	7%	7%	5%
evangelism69	%	8%	6%	6%
stewardship		*	*	1%
pastoral care		11%	8%	11%
preaching		14%	12%	10%
specialized ministries	-	1%	*	· -
interpersonal skills, in general	%	5%	3%	4%
practical skills, in general		2%	3%	3%
other 1		1%	5%	6%

Q-17. **Members and Elders**: How would you rate your pastor in each of the following areas? (Again, if your congregation has more than one pastor, answer in terms of the senior pastor.)

Pastors and Other Clergy: Please rate your seminary in terms of how good a job you think it did in preparing you for the ministry in each of these areas.

,	Members	s Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
a.	leading Bible studies			
	excellent	33%	22%	22%
	very good	32%	28%	32%
	good 16%	18%	25%	23%
	fair	6%	16%	15%
	not good at all	3%	8%	7%
	not sure	6%	. -	1%
b.	pastoral care			
	excellent	32%	17%	18%
	very good 30%	33%	33%	33%
	good	18%	32%	26%
	fair	11%	16%	18%
	not good at all	4%	2%	5%
	not sure	2%	-	-
c.	promoting stewardship			
	excellent	20%	1%	2%
	very good35%		6%	8%
	good		18%	28%
	fair		41%	37%
	not good at all		33%	25%
	not sure		*	*

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Q-17. (cont.) Members and Elders: How would you rate your pastor in each of the following areas? (Again, if your congregation has more than one pastor, answer in terms of the senior pastor.)

Pastors and Other Clergy: Please rate your seminary in terms of how good a job you think it did in preparing you for the ministry in each of these areas.

•	Members	s Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
d.	doing evangelism			<i>6</i> ,
	excellent 16%	14%	2%	4%
	very good 28%	29%	10%	7%
	good 28%	26%	19%	26%
	fair 16%	20%	36%	36%
	not good at all	7%	33%	25%
	not sure	5%	*	1%
e.	teaching others to do evangelism			
	excellent 12%	9%	1%	3%
	very good	23%	7%	6%
	good 23%	24%	14%	18%
	fair 22%	27%	31%	35%
	not good at all	9%	47%	37%
	not sure	8%	1%	1%
f.	preaching			
	excellent 47%	43%	30%	30%
	very good 25%	29%	37%	38%
	good 16%	18%	22%	22%
	fair 8%	7%	9%	8%
	not good at all	2%	2%	2%
	not sure	1%	-	-
g.	administration			
	excellent	17%	2%	3%
	very good	31%	12%	15%
•	good 20%	28%	25%	26%
	fair 12%	15%	37%	34%
	not good at all	6%	24%	23%
	not sure	3%	1%	*
h.	financial management			
	excellent	12%	1%	2%
	very good	28%	5%	8%
	good	31%	13%	15%
	fair	15%	31%	26%
	not good at all	5%	49%	49%
	not sure	8%	1%	1%
i.	chairing meetings			
	excellent	29%	2%	2%
	very good	30%	8%	13%
	good	24%	18%	19%
	fair 8%	9%	29%	28%
	not good at all	4%	42%	36%
	not sure	4%	1%	2%

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Q-17. (cont.) Members and Elders: How would you rate your pastor in each of the following areas? (Again, if your congregation has more than one pastor, answer in terms of the senior pastor.)

Pastors and Other Clergy: Please rate your seminary in terms of how good a job you think it did in preparing

Pastors and Other Clergy: Please rate your seminary in terms of how good a job you think it did in preparing you for the ministry in each of these areas.

,	Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
j.	general interpersonal skills			
•	excellent 30%	28%	4%	8%
	very good 34%	30%	20%	22%
	good	25%	30%	28%
	fair 11%	9%	27%	27%
	not good at all	5%	18%	14%
	not sure	2%	1%	1%
k.	leading people in spiritual development			
	excellent 31%	26%	5%	6%
	very good	36%	17%	17%
	good 20%	22%	23%	24%
	fair	11%	29%	28%
	not good at all	4%	26%	23%
	not sure	2%	*	1%

Q-18. Listed below, in alphabetical order, are a number of sources of news and commentary. Please indicate the extent to which each source has had an impact on the impression you have of Presbyterian theological schools.

	Members (+)	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
a.	congregational newsletter			
и.	very significant 8%	6%	2%	3%
	significant	23%	8%	7%
	somewhat significant	24%	19%	18%
	not at all significant 47%	48%	71%	72%
b.	friend or relative (+)			
	very significant	12%	16%	16%
	significant 27%	24%	34%	29%
	somewhat significant 19%	22%	26%	24%
	not at all significant	42%	24%	30%
c.	The Layman (+)	(+)		•
*	very significant 5%	7%	3%	4%
	significant	16%	7%	9%
	somewhat significant	19%	21%	12%
	not at all significant	58%	69%	75%
d.	Monday Morning (+)	(+)		
	very significant	2%	6%	8%
	significant 6%	9%	29%	28%
	somewhat significant	10%	41%	38%
	not at all significant	79%	23%	26%
e.	pastor (+)		(+)	
	very significant	23%	34%	27%
	significant	41%	43%	36%
	somewhat significant	21%	14%	22%
	not at all significant	15%	9%	15%

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Q-18. (cont.) Listed below, in alphabetical order, are a number of sources of news and commentary. Please indicate the extent to which each source has had an impact on the impression you have of Presbyterian theological schools.

schoo	ols.			c	pecialized
		Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
f.	Presbyterian Outlook	(+)	(+)		
	very significant	3%	4%	16%	13%
	significant	16%	20%	34%	33%
	somewhat significant		22%	28%	24%
	not at all significant		54%	22%	30%
g.	Presbyterians Today				
U	very significant	5%	6%	8%	6%
	significant	16%	23%	26%	22%
	somewhat significant		25%	36%	32%
	not at all significant		46%	30%	40%
h.	presbytery publication	(+)	(+)		
	very significant	3%	4%	4%	5%
	significant		21%	20%	22%
	somewhat significant		26%	32%	34%
	not at all significant		48%	44%	39%
i.	radio	(+)	(+)		
••	very significant	2%	2%	*	1%
	significant	7%	6%	1%	1%
	somewhat significant		12%	6%	6%
	not at all significant		80%	93%	92%
j.	secular newspaper	(+)	(+)		
J.	very significant	• •	1%	-	1%
	significant		8%	3%	2%
	somewhat significant		20%	13%	14%
	not at all significant		71%	85%	82%
k.	secular magazine	(+)	(+)		
	very significant	1%	*	*	1%
	significant		8%	3%	2%
	somewhat significant		18%	10%	12%
	not at all significant		74%	86%	84%
1.	seminary publication	(+)	(+)		
••	very significant	3%	3%	23%	23%
	significant	11%	13%	40%	42%
	somewhat significant	14%	19%	27%	23%
	not at all significant		66%	10%	12%
m.	synod publication	(+)	(+)		
****	very significant	2%	2%	2%	3%
	significant		14%	12%	14%
	somewhat significant	16%	21%	31%	30%
	not at all significant	72%	62%	55%	53%
n.	television	(+)	(+)		
11.	very significant		1%	*	1%
	significant	7%	7%	1%	2%
	somewhat significant		14%	7%	8%
	not at all significant		78%	92%	89%
0.	other		4%	9%	12%
٥.	VVALUE TELEFORMITE TO THE THE TELEFORMITE TO THE TELEFORMITE THE TELEFORMITE TO THE TELEFORMITE TO THE TELEFORMITE TO THE TELEF				

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Q-19. Which of the following terms best describes your current stand on theological issues?

				Specialized
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
very conservative	7%	6%	2%	1%
conservative	34%	36%	23%	16%
moderate	43%	42%	52%	47%
liberal	14%	14%	19%	27%
very liberal	2%	2%	4%	9%

Q-20. Please indicate the strength of your agreement or disagreement with each of the following statements:

	Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
a.	all the different religions are equally good ways			
	of helping a person find ultimate truth			
	strongly agree	5%	2%	4%
	agree	25%	8%	9%
	neither agree nor disagree	19%	12%	16%
	disagree 34%	36%	42%	45%
	strongly disagree	15%	37%	26%
b.	not all the churches have God's Truth; many			
	are in serious error			
	strongly agree	13%	11%	10%
	agree 39%	43%	40%	45%
	neither agree nor disagree	29%	26%	26%
	disagree	12%	20%	15%
	strongly disagree	3%	3%	4%
c.	the only absolute truth for humankind is Jesus Christ			
•	strongly agree	50%	41%	31%
	agree	30%	30%	28%
	neither agree nor disagree	11%	13%	17%
	disagree	8%	14%	19%
	strongly disagree	1%	3%	5%
d.	all the great religions of the world are equally	170	370	370
u.	good and true			
	strongly agree 4%	2%	1%	2%
	agree	16%	6%	276 7%
	neither agree nor disagree	23%	14%	19%
	disagree	40%	44%	47%
		18%	35%	25%
	strongly disagree	10/0	3370	2370
e.	only the followers of Jesus Christ and members			
	of His church can be saved	22%	13%	8%
	strongly agree			
	agree	23%	16%	15%
	neither agree nor disagree	19%	23%	22%
	disagree	27%	33%	35%
	strongly disagree	8%	15%	20%

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Q-20. (cont.) Please indicate the strength of your agreement or disagreement with each of the following statements:

			S	pecialized	
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy	
f.	the primary purpose of men and women in this				
	life is to prepare for the next life				
	strongly agree	11%	4%	3%	
	agree 26%	26%	7%	6%	
	neither agree nor disagree	22%	17%	14%	
	disagree	33%	48%	47%	
	strongly disagree	8%	25%	30%	
g.	it is not as important to worry about life after				
_	death as what one can do in this life				
	strongly agree	15%	17%	23%	
	agree 42%	45%	44%	48%	
	neither agree nor disagree 17%	14%	17%	14%	
	disagree	21%	18%	13%	
	strongly disagree 6%	5%	4%	2%	
h.	I believe in a divine judgment after death where some				
	shall be rewarded and others punished				
	strongly agree	19%	17%	12%	
	agree 44%	43%	44%	39%	
	neither agree nor disagree	23%	21%	26%	
	disagree	12%	13%	14%	
	strongly disagree	3%	6%	8%	
i.	today, people should think for themselves about				
	religion and not accept the teachings of any one church				
	strongly agree	3%	3%	3%	į
	agree 20%	20%	20%	19%	
	neither agree nor disagree	24%	19%	25%	
	disagree	40%	45%	42%	
	strongly disagree	14%	13%	11%	
j.	the individual can find religious truth without				
J.	any help from a church				
	strongly agree	2%	1%	2%	
	agree	21%	16%	19%	
	neither agree nor disagree 20%	15%	11%	17%	
	disagree 40%	44%	48%	44%	
	strongly disagree	17%	24%	18%	
k.	religious ideas should be the results of the individual's search,				
	without regard to any churches or church teachings				
	strongly agree	2%	1%	1%	
	agree	12%	4%	6%	
	neither agree nor disagree	18%	8%	9%	
	disagree	56%	61%	58%	
	strongly disagree	12%	26%	26%	
	on one of the state of the stat		· · ·		

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			S	pecialized
	Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
1.	to know God's Truth, it is important to follow the teachings of ministers			
	strongly agree	3%	1%	1%
	agree	25%	11%	9%
	neither agree nor disagree	37%	41%	37%
	disagree 28%	31%	40%	43%
	strongly disagree 4%	4%	8%	10%
m.	God's Truth was given to the church, and			
	all persons must follow the church's teachings (+)			
	strongly agree	3%	1%	1%
	agree	23%	13%	10%
	neither agree nor disagree	34%	30%	30%
	disagree 34%	34%	45%	44%
	strongly disagree	3%	10%	15%

Q-21. How often in the last year have you had each of the following experiences?

	Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
a.	felt the presence of God			
	never	7%	*	1%
	once or twice	15%	6%	6%
	several times	33%	27%	31%
	frequently 31%	34%	64%	60%
	not sure	11%	2%	2%
b.	prayed or spoken in tongues			
	never	65%	73%	71%
	once or twice	2%	3%	1%
	several times	5%	5%	4%
	frequently	25%	17%	22%
	not sure	4%	2%	2%

Q-22. How often do you attend your congregation's Sunday worship services?

	Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
never	1%	1%	*	1%
less than once a year	1%	*	-	*
about once or twice a year	1%	-	*	*
several times a year	4%	1%	1%	4%
about once a month	9%	2%	1%	4%
2-3 times a year	1%	*	*	1%
nearly every week	. 55%	58%	18%	40%
every week	. 28%	38%	79%	50%

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Q-23. Do you regularly participate in any volunteer activities for your congregation or for your community? That is, do you do work to help others for which you receive no pay? (Please circle one response for each item.)

		Members	Elders	Pastors	Specialized Clergy
a.	do you do volunteer work for your congregation?	-			
	yes	79%	94%	85%	78%
	no		6%	15%	22%
b.	do you do volunteer work for your community?				
	yes	66%	73%	86%	75%
	no	34%	26%	14%	25%
c.	do you do community service volunteer work for				
	your congregation?	(+)			
	yes	38%	55%	69%	50%
	no	62%	45%	31%	50%

Q-24. Would you like to receive the remaining two Panel *Summaries*, that is, the *Summary* for this survey and for the one you completed in August 1996 on evangelism?

			Specialized
Members	Elders	Pastors	Clergy
yes 72%	83%	89%	87%
no			

Q-25. Please use the space below to make any other comments about these issues.

[not tabulated]

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